



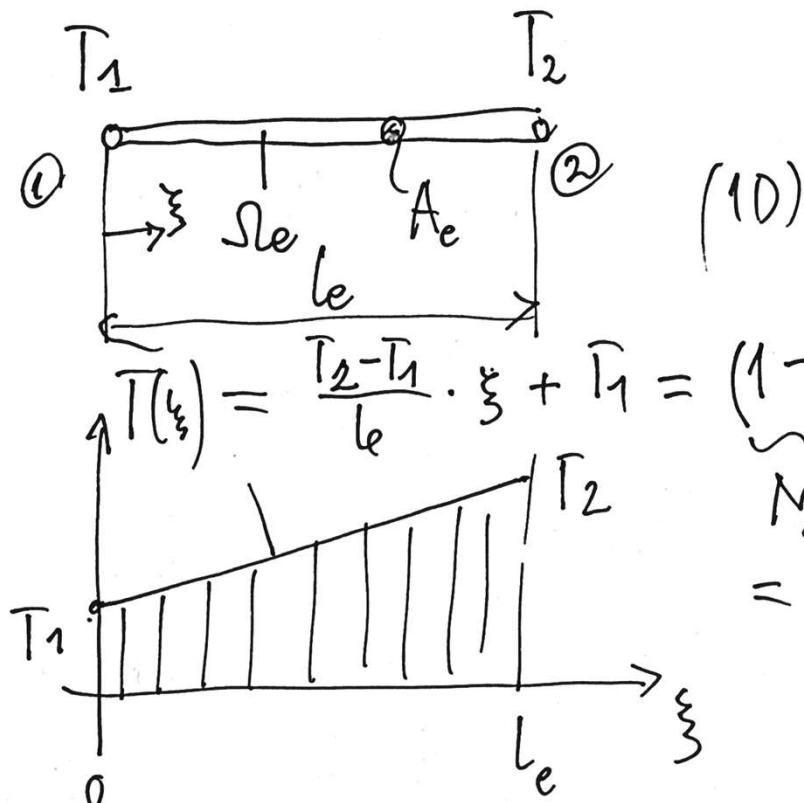
Institute of Aeronautics and Applied Mechanics

# Finite element method 2 (FEM 2)

Heat transfer - examples

10.2021

EXAMPLE . CONDUCTIVITY MATRIX OF A BAR ELEMENT



$$\begin{aligned} T(\xi) &= \frac{T_2 - T_1}{l_e} \cdot \xi + T_1 = \underbrace{\left(1 - \frac{\xi}{l_e}\right)}_{N_1(\xi)} \cdot T_1 + \underbrace{\left(\frac{\xi}{l_e}\right)}_{N_2(\xi)} \cdot T_2 = \\ &= [N_1, N_2] \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \end{Bmatrix}_e \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_A dS_e = A_e \cdot d\xi$$

$$\begin{aligned} h_{ij}^e &= \int_{S_e} \lambda \cdot \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} \cdot \frac{\partial N_j}{\partial \xi} dS_e = \\ &= \int_0^{l_e} A_e \cdot \lambda \cdot \frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} \cdot \frac{\partial N_j}{\partial \xi} d\xi \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial N_i}{\partial \xi} = \frac{\partial}{\partial T_i} \left( \frac{\partial \bar{T}}{\partial \xi} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial T_i} \left( L \left[ \frac{\partial N_1}{\partial \xi}, \frac{\partial N_2}{\partial \xi} \right] \cdot \left\{ \begin{matrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \end{matrix} \right\}_e \right)$$

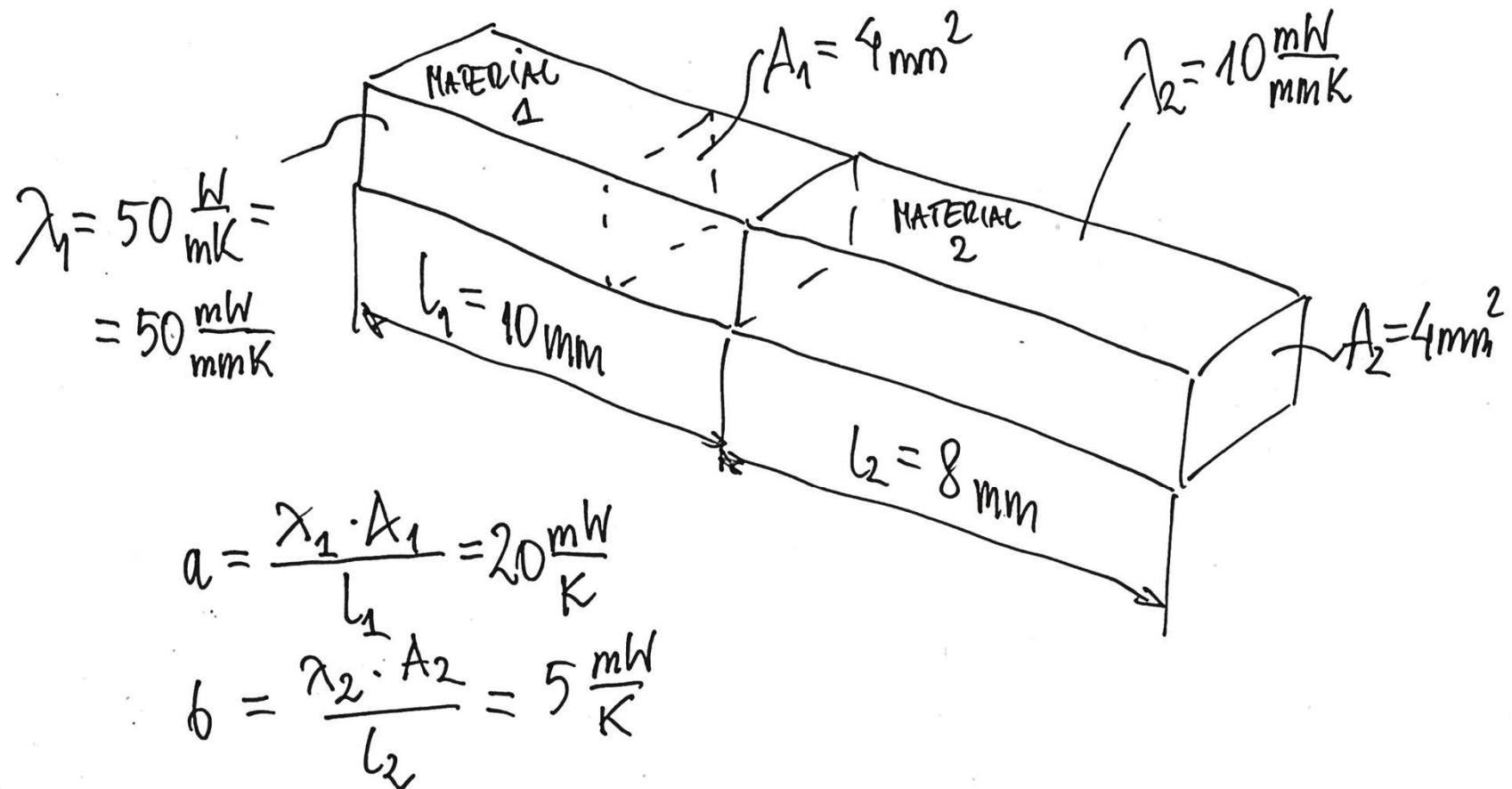
$$\frac{\partial N_1}{\partial \xi} = \frac{\partial}{\partial T_1} \left[ -\frac{1}{l_e}, \frac{1}{l_e} \right] \cdot \left\{ \begin{matrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \end{matrix} \right\}_e = \frac{\partial}{\partial T_1} \left( -\frac{T_1}{l_e} + \frac{T_2}{l_e} \right) = -\frac{1}{l_e}$$

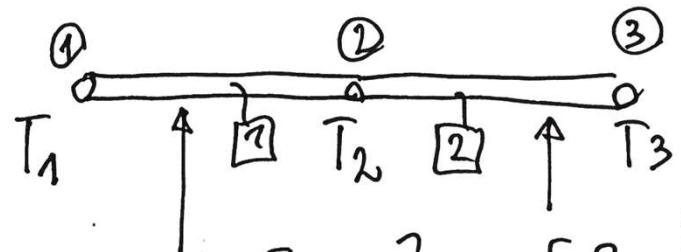
$$= -\frac{1}{l_e}; \quad \frac{\partial N_2}{\partial \xi} = \frac{\partial}{\partial T_2} \left[ -\frac{1}{l_e}, \frac{1}{l_e} \right] \cdot \left\{ \begin{matrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \end{matrix} \right\}_e = \frac{1}{l_e}$$

$$h_{11}^e = \int_0^{l_e} A_e \lambda \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{l_e} \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{l_e} \right) d\xi = \frac{A_e \lambda}{l_e^2} \cdot \xi \Big|_0^{l_e} = \frac{A_e \lambda}{l_e}$$

$$[h]_e = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{A_e \lambda}{l_e} & -\frac{A_e \lambda}{l_e} \\ -\frac{A_e \lambda}{l_e} & \frac{A_e \lambda}{l_e} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{A_e \lambda}{l_e} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

EXAMPLE. FIND TEMPERATURE DISTRIBUTION IN A BAR  
THERMAL GRADIENTS AND FLUXES, AND THE HEAT RATE





$$[h]_1 = \begin{bmatrix} a & -a \\ -a & a \end{bmatrix}$$

$$[h]_2 = \begin{bmatrix} b & -b \\ -b & b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{T\} = \begin{bmatrix} T_1 \\ T_2 \\ T_3 \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 1}$$

$$\Delta T = T - T_0$$

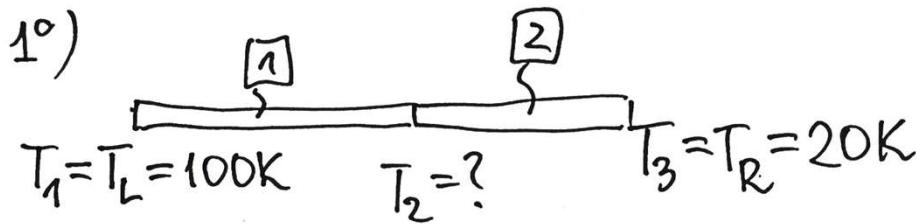
$$T_0 = 0^\circ C \Rightarrow \Delta T = T$$

$$[H] = \begin{bmatrix} a & -a & 0 \\ -a & a+b & -b \\ 0 & -b & b \end{bmatrix}_{3 \times 3}$$

$$; [H] \cdot \{T\} + \{F\} = \{0\}$$

$$[H] \cdot \{\bar{T}\} = -\{F\}$$

CASE 1°)



$$[H] \cdot \{\bar{T}\} = -\begin{Bmatrix} F_1 \\ 0 \\ F_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$[H] \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ T_2 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} + [H] \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} T_L \\ 0 \\ T_R \end{Bmatrix} = -\begin{Bmatrix} F_1 \\ 0 \\ F_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} H \\ \vdots \\ H \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ T_2 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix}_{3 \times 3} = - \begin{Bmatrix} F_1 \\ 0 \\ F_3 \end{Bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} H \\ \vdots \\ H \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} T_L \\ 0 \\ T_R \end{Bmatrix} ; \quad \begin{bmatrix} H \\ \vdots \\ H \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a-a & c \\ a & a+b & -b \\ 0 & -b & b \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} H \\ \vdots \\ H \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ T_2 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -F_1 \\ 0 \\ -F_3 \end{Bmatrix} - \begin{Bmatrix} a \cdot T_L \\ -a \cdot T_L - b \cdot T_R \\ b \cdot T_R \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -F_1 & -a \cdot T_L \\ a \cdot T_L + b \cdot T_R \\ -F_3 & -b \cdot T_R \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a+b \\ a \\ b \end{Bmatrix} \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ T_2 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -F_1 & -a \cdot T_L \\ a \cdot T_L + b \cdot T_R \\ -F_3 & -b \cdot T_R \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$(a+b) \cdot T_2 = a \cdot T_L + b \cdot T_R$$

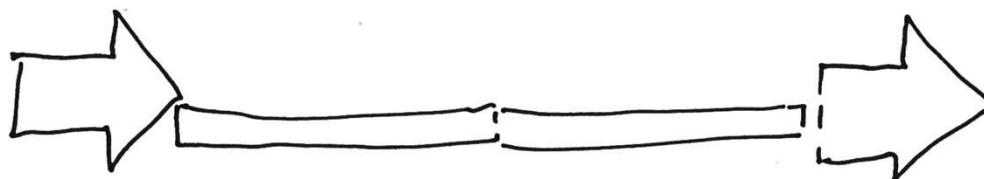
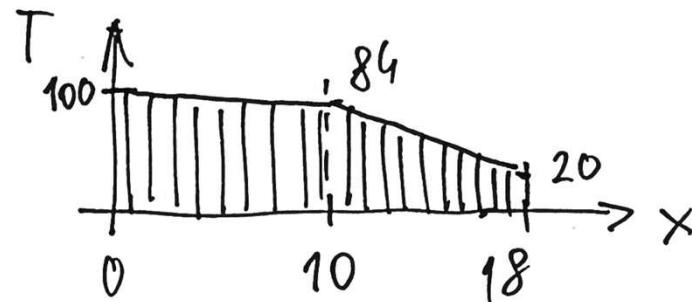
$$T_2 = \frac{a \cdot T_L + b \cdot T_R}{(a+b)} = 84 \text{ K}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a-a & 0 \\ -a & a+b & -b \\ 0 & -b & b \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} T_L \\ T_2 \\ T_R \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} -F_1 \\ 0 \\ -F_3 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$a \cdot T_L - a \cdot T_2 = -F_1 \Rightarrow F_1 = \frac{-ab(T_L - T_R)}{a+b} = -320 \text{ mW}$$

$$0 \cdot T_L - b \cdot T_2 + b \cdot T_R = -F_3 \Rightarrow$$

$$F_3 = \frac{a \cdot b \cdot (T_L - T_R)}{a + b} = 320 \text{ mW}$$



heat rate  
 $-F_1 = +320 \text{ mW}$   
 (heat flow  
 into the system)

$-F_3 = -320 \text{ mW}$   
 (heat flows out  
 of the system)

## ELEMENT SOLUTION.

thermal gradient

$$\frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} = \frac{\partial [N_1, N_2]}{\partial \xi} \cdot \begin{Bmatrix} \bar{T}_1 \\ \bar{T}_2 \end{Bmatrix}_e = -\frac{1}{l_e} \cdot T_1 + \frac{1}{l_e} \cdot \bar{T}_2 = \frac{(T_2 - T_1)_e}{l_e}$$

① :  $\left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_1 = \frac{T_2 - T_L}{l_1} = -1.6 \frac{K}{mm}$

②  $\left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_2 = \frac{T_R - \bar{T}_2}{l_2} = -8 \frac{K}{mm}$

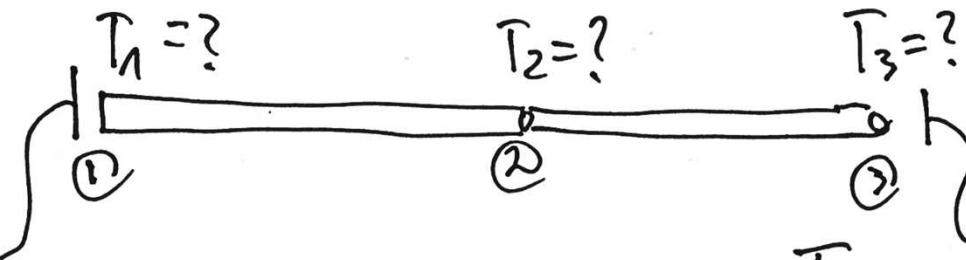
thermal flux:

$$q_e = -\lambda_e \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi}$$

①  $q_1 = -\lambda_1 \cdot \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_1 = -50 \frac{mW}{mmK} \cdot (-1.6) \frac{K}{mm} = 80 \frac{mW}{mm^2}$

②  $q_2 = -\lambda_2 \cdot \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_2 = -10 \frac{mW}{mmK} \cdot (-8) \frac{K}{mm} = 80 \frac{mW}{mm^2}$

## CASE 2



$$T_{L\infty} = 200K$$

$$\alpha_L = 1 \frac{mW}{mm^2K}$$

$$T_{R\infty} = 50K$$

$$\alpha_R = 0.2 \frac{mW}{mm^2K} \quad (= 200 \frac{W}{m^2K})$$

FILM COEFFICIENT

$$q_L = \alpha_L (T_1 - T_{L\infty})$$

$$q_R = \alpha_R (T_3 - T_{R\infty})$$

$$Q_L = q_L \cdot A_1, \quad Q_R = q_R \cdot A_2 \quad \begin{matrix} \text{heat} \\ \text{rate.} \end{matrix} \quad (mW)$$

$$[H] \cdot \{T\} + \{F\} = \{0\}$$

$$[H] \cdot \{\bar{T}\} + \begin{Bmatrix} Q_L \\ 0 \\ Q_R \end{Bmatrix} = \{0\}$$

$$[H] \cdot \{T\} = - \begin{Bmatrix} Q_L \\ 0 \\ Q_R \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \alpha_L A_1 (T_{L\infty} - \bar{T}_1) \\ 0 \\ \alpha_R A_2 (T_{R\infty} - \bar{T}_3) \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$[H] \cdot \{\bar{T}\} + \begin{Bmatrix} \alpha_L A_1 T_1 \\ 0 \\ \alpha_R A_2 \bar{T}_3 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} \alpha_L A_1 \bar{T}_{L\infty} \\ 0 \\ \alpha_R A_2 T_{R\infty} \end{Bmatrix}$$

$$[H] \cdot \{T\} + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha_L A_1 T_1 + 0 \cdot T_2 + 0 \cdot T_3 \\ 0 \cdot T_1 + \alpha_L T_2 + 0 \cdot T_3 \\ 0 \cdot T_1 + 0 \cdot T_2 + \alpha_R \cdot A_2 \cdot T_3 \end{array} \right\} = \begin{cases} \alpha_L A_1 T_{\infty} \\ 0 \\ \alpha_R A_2 T_{\infty} \end{cases}$$

$$\left( [H] + [\alpha_A] \right) \cdot \{T\} = \begin{cases} \alpha_L A_1 T_{\infty} \\ 0 \\ \alpha_R A_2 T_{\infty} \end{cases}$$

conducting part

$$[\alpha_A] = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha_L A_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \alpha_R A_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

↑ 3x3  
convective part

$$\begin{bmatrix} a + \alpha_L A_1 & -a & 0 \\ -a & a+b & -b \\ 0 & -b & b + \alpha_R A_2 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{cases} T_1 \\ T_2 \\ T_3 \end{cases} = \begin{cases} \alpha_L A_1 T_{\infty} \\ 0 \\ \alpha_R A_2 T_{\infty} \end{cases}$$

$$\{T\} = \left( [H] + [\alpha_A] \right)^{-1} \cdot \begin{cases} \alpha_L A_1 T_{\infty} \\ 0 \\ \alpha_R A_2 T_{\infty} \end{cases}$$

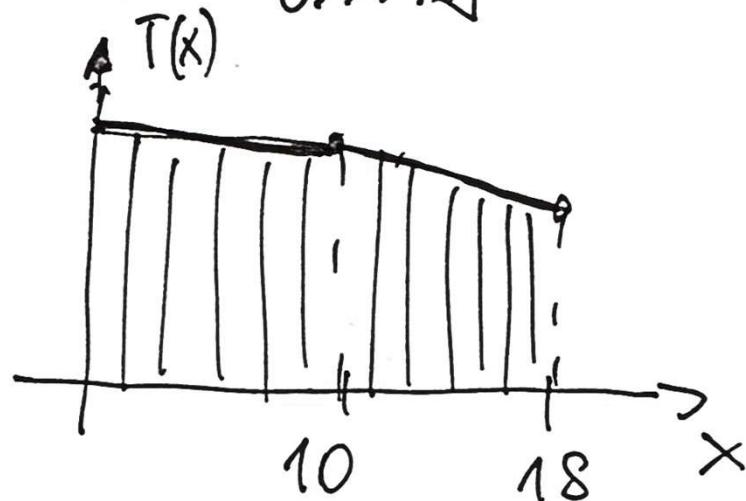
$$([H] + [\alpha(A)]) = \begin{bmatrix} 29 & -20 & 0 \\ -20 & 25 & -5 \\ 0 & -5 & 5.8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$([H] + [\alpha(A)])^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.2143 & 0.2071 & 0.1786 \\ \leftarrow \text{sym} & 0.2486 & 0.2143 \\ \rightarrow & 0.3571 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\{T\} = \{178.57\}$$

$$\{T\} = \{174.29\}$$

$$\{T\} = \{157.14\}$$



element solution:

$$\boxed{1} \quad \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_1 = \frac{T_2 - T_1}{l_1} = -0.4286 \frac{K}{mm}$$

$$q_1 = -\lambda_1 \cdot \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_1 = 21.43 \frac{mW}{mm^2}$$

$$\boxed{2} \quad \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_2 = \frac{T_3 - T_2}{l_2} = -2.1429 \frac{K}{mm}$$

$$q_2 = -\lambda_2 \cdot \left. \frac{\partial T}{\partial \xi} \right|_2 = 21.43 \frac{mW}{mm^2}$$

$$q_L = \alpha_L (T_1 - T_{L\infty}) = -21.43 \frac{mW}{mm^2}$$

$$q_R = \alpha_R (T_3 - T_{R\infty}) = 21.43 \frac{mW}{mm^2}$$



$$-Q_L = -q_L \cdot A_1 = 85.72 mW$$

heat  
rate

$$-Q_R = q_R \cdot A_2 = -85.72 mW$$